

# DISCUSSION GUIDE

This guide can be used in pieces, over a longer period of time, and it's up to each educator, facilitator, or teacher to decide what works for the dynamics they are presenting in.

#### **ONE HOUR LESSONS**

Each lesson needs about one hour if done in full.

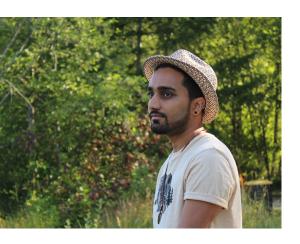
#### CONTENTS

- 4 INDIGENOUS LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
- 6 SYNOPSIS
- 8 THE FILMMAKERS
- 10 CAST BIOS
- 12 PROTOCOLS FOR SAFE AND BRAVE SPACES

#### **ACTIVITIES**

- 14 ONE: FEELINGS AND EXPECTATIONS
- **16 TWO:** THE POWER OF FAMILY
- **18 THREE:** REACTIONS OF THE PARENTS
- **FOUR:** "COMING OUT" STORIES
- **FIVE:** POWER OF CIS-HETERONORMATIVITY
- 24 SIX: TREE OF CIS-HETERONORMATIVITY
- 26 SEVEN: BEFORE I TAKE A STEP
- 28 THE FINAL QUESTION
- 29 WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING ABOUT THE FILM
- 30 TERMINOLOGY
- 32 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
- 33 10 NOTEWORTHY QUEER SOUTH ASIAN ADVOCATES
- 33 JANUARY MARIE LAPUZ YOUTH LEADERSHIP AWARD
- 34 RESOURCES





e cannot speak to issues of the queer experience without acknowledging the depth of Two-Spirit and LGBTQ+ roots in pre-settler colonial nations the world over. Recognizing that the authors of this guide are settlers on the unceded, unsurrendered and ancestral lands of the Kwantlen, Katzie, and Semiahmoo peoples is the bare minimum of what needs to be recognized.

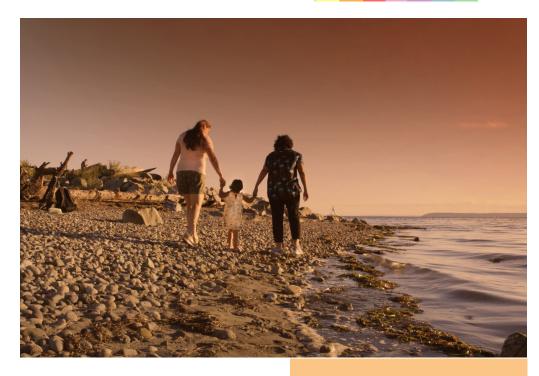
Since time immemorial
the gender non-binary, and
spectrums of orientation and
attraction were the norm.
So much so that in many
Indigenous communities, those
who existed outside the binary

were held in high regard and seen as vital to the health of one's community.

With settler colonization and the zealous spirit of Christian conversion through missionary work, 2SLGBTQ+ folx faced waves of genocide, from assimilation to erasure that replaced the truly natural existence of spectrums with unnatural dangerous cisheteronormative binary norms.

"Part of the work we can do as cis-heterosexual and queer individuals is to actively pursue uncolonization and return to a more natural way of being that includes non-binary and all individuals across the spectrum of expression and orientation."

"We must emerge from the stereotypes that violate all humankind in forcing them to be what they are not. Our communities are suffering epidemic levels of mental health issues, physical violence, emotional distress



and spiritual imprisonment.
This is partly due to the forced subscription to standards socially constructed to create power inequities and violent binaries."

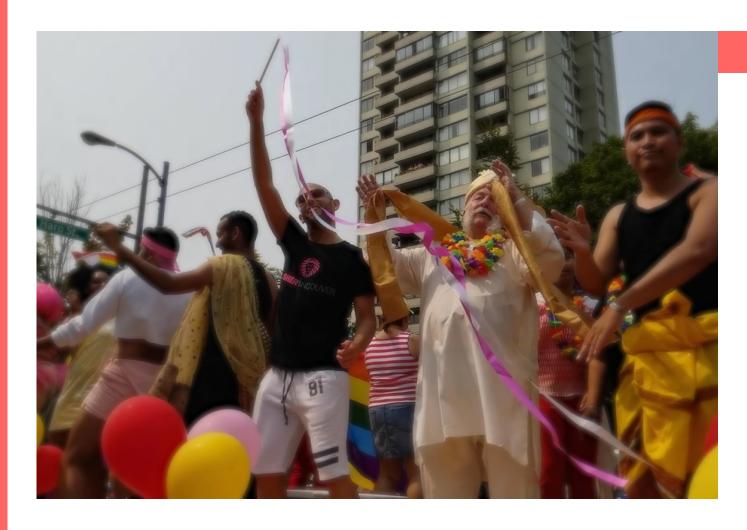
Let these stories and these dialogues guide us in their resilience and resistance towards a beautiful future where we emerge stronger, and ever more ourselves.

Since the documentary is about South Asians and specifically Punjabi Sikhs, it is useful to mention that similar to the Indigenous communities, traditional South Asian culture also has a more fluid understanding of gender and orientation, which was criminalized under Section 377 in 1861 during British colonial rule.

# **15**+

This film is intended for audiences 15 years of age and over, and specifically intended for students in Grades 10 to 12 and college and university.

It is recommended that educators, facilitators, and teachers view the film prior to showing it to their students to determine if it is suitable for their class.



#### **NATIONAL COMING OUT DAY**

This film is an excellent resource to use to mark National Coming Out Day which is held annually on October 11.

#### **SYNOPSIS**

🖰 or Kayden, Jag, and Amar, awakening to and expressing their sexuality within conservative South Asian families was a lonely and terrifying experience. Denial, shame and despair haunted their youths, even threatening their lives. Yet, they've emerged. In the gripping feature documentary Emergence: Out of the Shadows, the disparate journeys of Kayden, Jag and Amar candidly converge around a shared sense of compassion and healing as they bravely convey their often heart-wrenching stories. Confronted with tradition and taboo in their Punjabi Sikh cultures, resisting silence, Jag's parents and Amar's mother choose love over rejection, offering courage and inspiration to individuals and communities struggling with acceptance. Tender, thoughtful and teary, Emergence: Out of the Shadows asserts a potent and transformative voice in support of marginalized queer youth and their families.

#### **CAST**

**Amar Sangha** 

Jaspal Kaur Sangha – Parent

Kayden Bhangu

**Jag Nagra** 

**Harv Nagra** 

**Avtar Singh Nagra - Parent** 

Rajwant Kaur Nagra - Parent



https://www.movingimages.ca/

# THE FILMMAKERS



#### **DIRECTOR**

#### Vinay Giridhar

Vinay completed the Digital Graphic Design Program at Vancouver Community College and a Diploma in Classical Animation at Vancouver Film School. Vinay completed the animated short film "Loyes Age," which was an official selection at the HollyShorts Film Festival, California, USA (An Academy Award Qualifying Festival). Vinay is the current Art Director and Graphic Designer for a South Asian Lifestyle Magazine. Vinay has edited numerous short videos and has done significant art and design and film and video work for Sher Vancouver.

#### PRODUCED BY SHER VANCOUVER



Sher Vancouver LGBTQ
Friends Society is a
registered charity for
LGBTQ+ South Asians and
their friends and families.
Everyone is welcome!



#### **PRODUCER**

#### Alex Sangha

Alex has a Masters in Public
Administration and Public
Policy from the Department
of Government at the London
School of Economics. He has a
Master of Social Work from
Dalhousie University, as well
as a Bachelor of Social Work
from the University of British
Columbia with a First Class
Standing.

Alex is the founder of the Sher Vancouver LGBTQ Friends Society which is a registered charity for LGBTQ+ South Asians and friends. Sher Vancouver LGBTQ Friends
Society is a member of the
Canadian Media Producers
Association. Alex is also a
member of the Documentary
Organization of Canada and
completed the Business for
Producers Course with the
National Screen Institute.

Alex has produced an award-winning short documentary film entitled, My Name Was January. Emergence: Out of the Shadows is his debut feature film. Alex is the recipient of the Meritorious Service Medal from the Governor General of Canada.



#### Kayden Bhangu

Kayden is a mid-twenties Punjabi
Sikh gay man from Punjab, India.
The film explores his survival,
resilience, resourcefulness, and
ability to overcome barriers
despite the trauma of family
rejection and the impact this
had on his psychological health.
Kayden tells a poignant story of
self-discovery while embracing his
newfound family and life.



#### Jag Nagra

Jag is a queer Punjabi artist.
She and her wife, Agata, have been together for 9 years and together they have two beautiful children. In the film, she discusses the challenges she faced coming out to her parents, and how her life changed when she met Agata.



#### Harv Nagra

Harv is Jag's brother. He makes an appearance in the documentary. Harv lives in London, England. In the film Harv discusses his reactions to his sister's coming out, and how this impacted him personally and his hopes and aspirations for his parents. Harv also speaks with his parents in the film and shares his thoughts on how he appreciated their support for Jag. Harv is also gay.



#### Amar Sangha

Amar is the producer and also a lead cast member in the documentary. His birth name is Amar which is the name he uses in the film and his nickname is Alex (see bio above). Amar is in his late forties and is a gay Punjabi Sikh man from suburban Vancouver. He speaks about his coming out journey and the reactions of his parents, including the disapproval he got from certain segments of the broader Punjabi Sikh community when he came out publicly as a gay Sikh. Amar is a distinguished social worker and counsellor.



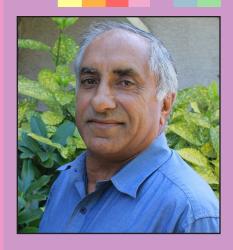
#### Jaspal Kaur Sangha

Jaspal is the kind and compassionate mother of Amar. She explains the struggle she experienced trying to come to terms with her son's sexuality. Jaspal worked as a nurses' aide for many years, and raised three boys largely as a single parent. She is currently retired and has three beautiful grandchildren. She was born in Punjab, India where she worked as a Punjabi Language Teacher. Jaspal shares her authentic self and her courage to share her true feelings around her son being gay and how she tried to reconcile it with her Sikh faith.



#### Rajwant Kaur Nagra

Rajwant is Jag's wonderful mother.
She provides the voice of the traditional Punjabi Sikh mother.
She loves both her children, Jag and Harv, who are both gay. Her struggle to come to terms with their sexuality is powerful and moving. She is concerned about how her children, especially Jag, will find love and happiness and security in the world. She believes that we must love all people as human beings and not judge each other.



#### Avtar Singh Nagra

Avtar is Jag's supportive father. He was born in the district of Jalandhar in Punjab, India and immigrated to Canada in 1972. He met his wife, Rajwant, on his wedding day in 1980. They are devout Sikhs and since finding out that both of their children are gay, they have spent the last number of years being advocates for the LGBTQ+ community and have helped break down barriers in the South Asian community starting with their own circle of extended family. Since becoming proud grandparents, they have made it a priority to ensure that their grandchildren and children are happy and loved.





**CONFIDENTIALITY** - Anything that is discussed is held in strict confidence. Only with fully informed explicit consent may anything be shared.

with judgement means closing our ears and relying on old information. In listening to different lived experiences without judgement we can learn and grow. What is different from you is not less than you, only a different expression of humanity.

#### NO ONE IS A THOUGHT

**EXPERIMENT** - Opinions shared must maintain the humanity of all of those in the room. We cannot debate or discuss issues if they harm the existence of anyone. There is no progress or respect in doing so.

#### **DEEP RESPECT AND**

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT** - These brave conversations are never easy and learning is always a journey. Let us respect one another for our journeys and for our willingness to grow from and learn from each other.

#### A QUESTION RATHER THAN A

**REACTION** - New information is not always understood the first time around. Rather than a reaction based on a lack of understanding, ask a respectful question to understand better.

#### THERE IS GROWTH IN

**DISCOMFORT** - If you only hear what you like to hear, then your just listening to the same song over and over again. Feelings of discomfort means we are learning and gaining new information.

#### REMEMBER THE PHYSICAL, EMOTIONAL, MENTAL, AND

**SPIRITUAL** - Much harm can occur that is never visible. With your actions, your thoughts, and your words make sure you do your best to maintain the physical, emotional, mental, and spiritual safety of those in the discussion.



eelings and expectations are an important theme in Emergence: Out of the Shadows. In the film Kayden, Jag, and Amar all had unique experiences of rejection, love, and acceptance from their families.

#### Sharing about our families:

- Please note that you don't have to share any personal details, feel free to generalize if you aren't comfortable sharing personal experiences.
- You can also pass if you do not feel like sharing.

#### **ACTIVITY ONE**

#### What does this mean to you?

#### Step 1:

Write down what these words mean to you or what does it remind you of within your community, on a sticky note. Place the sticky notes on the paper posted on the walls/tables.

- 1. Love (feeling)
- 2. Guilt (feeling)
- 3. Shame (feeling)
- 4. Afraid (feeling)
- 5. Family Norms (expectation)
- 6. Unnatural (expectation)
- 7. Control: What can you never do? (expectation)
- 8. Dreams for one's children (expectation)

#### Step 2:

Participants will share out with the group the notes they see.

#### Step 3:

Choose one of these words that stick with you in a negative way. We are going to throw them into the "rubbish bin". How does it feel?

#### Step 4:

When it comes to these topics of feelings and expectations, if you had a chance to write a letter what is something you would say that you've been holding on to?

Participants should have a journal to write in, one which they can take home at the end and reflect on and act on further.





**ACTIVITY TWO** 

# THE POWER OF FAMILY

et's start by
thinking about
what a family means
to you. Families can
look different, they
need not be blood
related, and can
include guardians,
friends, etc.

#### **Think-Pair-Share**

We will put you into a partnership and we would like you to share with each other your answers to the following questions. We will ask you to report out on each other's answers:

**Q:** What makes a family?

Q: Who would you consider family in your life that are not blood related? Why?

Q: What are forces that decide who and what a family is?

Q: How does gender identities and gender expression manifest in your idea/image of a family?

Q: When you see Jag and her wife (and their children) do you see any difference with your definition of a family? Q: How many friends and/or family with same sex parents/ couples do you know of?

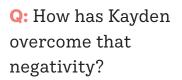
Q: Why did Jag's mom and dad think that a family was impossible if their daughter is queer?

# When we look at the scenes featuring Jag's family:

Q: What support can a family provide?

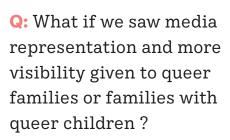
Q: How has support of family helped Jag?

Q: How did the lack of biological family support hurt Kayden?



Q: How did Amar and Jaspal as Kayden's new family provide positive support during his journey?

**Q:** What if we changed how we portrayed families?



Q: What would it take to add media representation and how could this be approached and enacted? What barriers might you need to overcome?





Q:

What did
the parents
mean when all
three parents
(Jaspal, Avtar,
and Rajwant)
mentioned feeling
that they had done
something wrong?
Make a list of why
they thought so.

Q:

If they felt they did something wrong.
What did they think would be the repercussions of their "wrong" parenting?

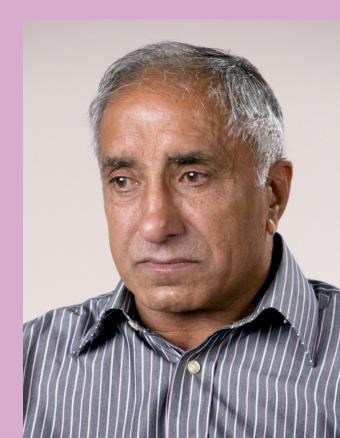
**ACTIVITY THREE** 

# REACTIONS OF THE PARENTS

Did I do something wrong?

Q:

How did they come out of these shame/stigma spirals?





#### Quotes from Rajwant, Avtar, and Jaspal

" ... Embrace them"

Jaspal

" ... Just love them"

— Avtar

" ... Don't waste time trying to change them"

– Jaspal

"... The child comes first"

– Rajwant

"... If anyone says anything, don't invite them to my funeral"

 Jag stated her mother Rajwant told her this when she came out. Participants
will be given a specific
quote to think about and
how they can manifest/
act towards what the
quote means.

We would like
participants to create a
word cloud or an image
that they can share with
fellow participants to
represent these quotes.

#### After sharing out have the group brainstorm on the following:

Q: How can we support families in their journeys? (We can see in the film how faith plays a powerful role in being accepting and loving)

Q: How do we empower families to have these conversations?

Q: How do we allow love to break through society's power to control how parents behave?

Q: What structures in society can support parents in their journey of accepting

their queer children within their cultural community?

Categories to consider: Education, Health, and Faith Based Institutions.





Where did this "coming out" concept come from?

- Q: Where did this "coming out" concept come from? How did you learn about it?
- Q: Does coming out happen only once?



- Q: How do families communicate the idea that "straight" is the default?
- Q: What are the legal, cultural, and economic punishments that 2SLGBTQ+ might face?
- Q: Can coming out, as a culture and concept, be done away with? Or will it remain? How is this response viewed from a queer lens?



**ACTIVITY FIVE** 

## POWER OF CIS-HETERONORMATIVITY

Something is wrong with me.

#### STATISTICS AND FACTS

- 69 countries still criminalize
   2SLGBTQ+ existence in some way.
- In a 2019 national survey by the Trevor Project, 71% of 2SLGBTQ+ youth reported being discriminated against.
- Homosexuality was considered a form of mental disorder, and listed as such in the DSMII, until 1987.

Have participants read through the items above. Think about long-term and intergenerational societal conditioning this creates. Record thoughts of participants on a large piece of paper or whiteboard.



How might the realities listed above affect your behavior?

- 1. As a queer person and/or gender diverse person.
- 2. As a parent of any identity and/or orientation?
- 3. As a cis-hetero person?



Who decides who and what is "wrong:" when it comes to gender and orientation?

Important to note that for Jaspal, her journey into the roots of her faith leads her to understand and accept that queerphobia does not exist in her Sikh faith. For example, a person's soul is genderless. It is not male or female. When two people come together, two souls unite to be together.

#### **Brainstorm:**

Why would all three queer individuals in this film (Kayden, Jag, and Amar) believe early on that, "something was wrong with them?" Where is this coming from? What stereotypes might they fear?





How would you communicate/teach these realities to your child?



If a person belongs to the "wrong" group ... how does this play out amongst family dynamics?

Example: "I want to protect my child, being gay is dangerous"

#### **Branches & Leaves**

Visible/Invisible actions we take. Eg: How we buy clothes for children, What we let children to in terms of activities

#### The Trunk

Institutions of Ideology and
Enforcement. What we teach/
How it is enforced Eg: Gender
reveal parties, idea of assigning
gender at birth medically,
enforcing binaries through
washrooms etc.

# TREE OF CIS-HETERONORMATIVITY

#### Root Structure

Systemic Processes & Power
Base. How strong the system is,
What the system feeds on, What
enables it to grow: Religion,
colonization, patriarchy, Not
recognizing natural existence of
diverse genders and orientations



#### Let's build the tree!

Have participants draw a tree based on current conditions. First review what each segment of the tree represents. Example is provided on the left.

#### What have we grown?

# Once they have grown the tree, NOW . . .

How can we grow?

What seeds can we plant now that develop a healthier tree (system)?

What would that tree look like?

Compare both trees by using the questions below:

- 1. Which is preferred?
- 2. Which is healthier?
- 3. What do participants want to see more of?
- 4. Where do they see themselves in the tree?



#### **ACTIVITY SEVEN**

### **BEFORE I TAKE A STEP**

#### Each participant is given one of the following based on real life lived experiences.

A trans woman individual whose family dead names them (refuses to use name they identity with but rather name given to them at birth).

A cis-heterosexual man who is proud to be a man and has never questioned who they love or how he identifies. They are comfortable in their body.

A South Asian gay teenager who feels anger about how some of his friends use the idea of being gay as an insult. He feels unsafe when hanging around certain people.

A cis-heterosexual man who is happily dating a cisheterosexual woman.

A cis-hetero female married to her high school sweetheart.

A White masculine gay man who passes for straight.

A South Asian cis-hetero ally who speaks up and supports trans friends.

A lesbian individual who lives in a family that does not accept their orientation and wants them to marry a cisheterosexual man. They will be cut off if they do not follow.

A non binary student who uses they/them pro-nouns but faces teachers who question their pronouns because it "means plural" and is therefore incorrect.

A young gay Black man who passes for straight and so stays in the closet during high school.

A bisexual young man who is struggling with notions of committing sin because his religious leaders say homosexuality is a sin.

An intersex teenager/adolescent who doesn't see representation at their school or in what they are learning.

An Indigenous Two-Spirit and/or LGBTQ+ person who proudly represents his culture.

A queer individual who has a supportive family who love them unconditionally.

- 1. Cut these identities out from the previous page or write them out on separate pieces of paper for folks to hold and have as reference.
- 2. The facilitator lines up participants against a wall, facing the wall.
- 3. The facilitator then reads out the following 15 questions that participants will answer:
- Yes I can OR No I can't
- Yes is represented by a step forward
- No is represented by staying still.
- Everyone's first step, whenever it is, will be to turn around from the wall.

#### Source: Adapted from Sociometry of Oppression Activities

- 1. Were you assigned a gender that was not yours at birth?
- 2. Has your identity and/ or orientation always been accepted?
- 3. Do teachers accept your identity/ orientation?
- 4. Do you see people that identify/orient like you in the media?
- 5. Does your religion see your identity and/ or orientation as a positive?
- 6. Does the gender on your birth certificate match your identity?
- 7. Are you taught about

- your identity and/or orientation at school?
- 8. Could you face jail time in some countries?
- 9. Do you face bullying for who you are?
- **10.** Can you be open about your relationships with co-workers?
- **11.** Does your place of worship accept you for who you are?
- **12.** Do people use your identity/orientation as an insult towards others?
- 13. Have you experienced or heard of people such as yourself not being accepted by family?

- 14. Do you feel pressure to come out?
- **15.** Do you face other kinds of discrimination that may not be mentioned here?

when you are done with the questions, ask each person to look around and see how privilege and discrimination plays in the way society works.

The gaps that are formed represent the way society works.



# THE FINAL QUESTION

What concrete actions will you take to address your own biases and stereotypes?

How can we be better supporters of 2SLGBTQ+ individuals?

# WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING ABOUT EMERGENCE: OUT OF THE SHADOWS

66

"Emergence: Out of the Shadows is an exceptionally effective documentary as it provides a genuine and indepth look into the three distinct journeys of Kayden, Jag, and Amar, who grapple with their sexuality and courageously come out of hiding it from their traditional Punjabi Sikh families and the community at large.

The film provides a nuanced view into how family (adopted, in the case of Kayden), culture and religion also play a role in building resilience. The audience is undeniably left with hope and greater awareness of the profound journey towards acceptance and loving kindness."

#### DR. KAMALA NAYAR

#### CHAIR AND FACULTY ASIAN STUDIES

KWANTLEN POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY

66

"In Emergence: Out of the Shadows, a diverse group of courageous and eloquent young South Asians tell their stories of coming out as gay and lesbian to their families. The pain, humour, and hope depicted in their stories has a simple message – that love is love and nothing is as liberating as being true to yourself.

Visually beautiful, this film is an understated but powerful platform to move forward a cause and celebrate humanity in all its diversity."

#### RAVI BASI

#### MANAGER OF MULTICULTURAL SERVICES

SURREY LIBRARIES

66

"Emergence: Out of the Shadows is an impactful documentary that reveals complex truths about identity and family ties. Despite conflicted emotions, three people bravely share their perspectives on life and love, taking viewers on a powerful journey through their lived experiences of coming out to their families. This thought-provoking and tender film affirms chosen family bonds and the power of genuine acceptance and love."

#### **METTE BACH**

#### AUTHOR, TEACHER, SCREENWRITER, AND DIRECTOR

AUTHOR OF FEMME, CINDERS AND CHARMING AND THE LOVE CODE

66

"Emergence is a must see film on the crucial topic of struggling with love and acceptance in the South Asian gay and lesbian community. We are skillfully guided through three different family situations of coming out and how each family navigated their journeys. This film offers hope for a better future for all families with youth who are struggling with sexual orientation and gender identity as well as anyone interested in a world where it gets better for all."

#### SUSAN RUZIC

#### ACTING ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

BC TEACHER'S FEDERATION

**2SLGBTQ+** - 2SLGBTQ+ stands for Two-Spirit, Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, and Queer plus. For the purposes of this resource this acronym is meant to be inclusive of all queer communities.

Queer Glossary from Qmunity

**BIPOC** - Black, Indigenous, People of Colour

Bisexual - An individual who is attracted to, and may form relationships with at least two genders. Some bisexual people describe being bi as being attracted to men and women; some bi people consider it being attracted to their own and other genders

Cis-Heterosexuality or Cis-Heteronormativity - A system of attitudes, bias and discrimination in favour of cisgender and heterosexual people that marginalizes and renders invisible 2SLGTBQ+ people and treats their needs and identities as less important than those of cisgender and/or heterosexual

people, who are considered to exist within social normalcy.

Coming Out - Or 'coming out of the closet,' is the process of becoming aware of one's gender and/or sexuality, accepting it, and telling others about it. This is an ongoing process that may not include everybody in all aspects of one's life. 'Coming out' usually occurs in stages and is a non-linear process. An individual may be 'out' in only some situations or to certain family members or associates and not others. Some may never 'come out' to anyone beside themselves. The significance, importance and validation associated with 'coming out' is criticized as a Westernized concept; cultures and languages around the world may not have a similar term, as issues of intimacy, personal relationships and sexual activity are considered deeply personal and private, and/or not central to one's identity.

**Family** - A group of people that you may or may not be related to but you are close with in providing physical, emotional, mental, and spiritual support.

**Gay** - A person who is mostly attracted to those of the same gender; often used to refer to men.

**Gender expression** - How one outwardly expresses gender; for example, through name and pronoun choice, style of dress, voice modulation, etc.

Gender identity - One's internal and psychological sense of oneself as man, woman, both, in between, neither, or another understanding of gender. People who question their gender identity may feel unsure of their gender or believe they are not of the same gender they were assigned at birth. How one expresses gender might not necessarily reflect one's actual gender identity.

**GSA** - Gay, Straight Alliance or Gender Sexuality Alliance. Found mainly in Secondary schools and Post-Secondary Institutions.

**Lesbian** - A woman who is primarily attracted to women. The term originates from the name of the Greek island of Lesbos which was home to Sappho, a poet, teacher, and a woman who loved other women.

**Marriage** - A legal contract between two consenting adults.

**Queer** - A term becoming more widely used among LGBTQ2S+ communities because of its inclusiveness.

Sexual Orientation - Refers to a person's experiences of sexual and romantic attraction to other people, or to no one. Many people become aware of these feelings during adolescence or even earlier, while some do not realize or acknowledge their attractions (especially same-gender attractions) until much later in

life. Many people experience their orientation(s) fluidly, and feel attraction or degrees of attraction to divergent genders at divergent points in their lives. Orientations are defined by feelings of attraction rather than behaviour.

Third Gender - A term used in South Asia to describe people who identify as neither male or female, or as both male and female genders. Third gendered people are described in the Kama-Sutra (ca. 300 CE). Third gendered people acquired a lot of power and status during the Mughal period, but were forced underground during British rule. In 2014, India officially recognized Third gender in addition to the female and male categories.

https://courses.lumenlearning. com/culturalanthropology/ chapter/hijra/

**Transgender** - Transgender, frequently abbreviated to **trans** or **trans\*** (the asterisk was intended to actively include nonbinary and/or non-static gender



identities such as genderqueer and genderfluid, but has fallen out of frequent use throughout the 2010s) is an umbrella term for a wide range of experiences and identities for people whose gender does not match with the gender they were assigned at birth. Identifying as trans is something that can only be decided by an individual for themselves and does not depend on criteria such as surgery or hormone treatment status.

**Two-Spirit** - A term used by many Indigenous communities on Turtle

Island (typically known as Canada and the USA) to describe people with diverse gender identities, gender expressions, gender roles, and sexual orientations. Two-Spirit people have been and are viewed differently across different Indigenous nations. Two-Spirit people were included and respected in most Indigenous communities, sometimes considered sacred and highly-revered. They often took on important roles as healers, mediators, and warriors.

\*Please note that cultures, faiths, and creeds around the world have different concepts/terms/definitions for non-binary genders and sexes.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

# This Discussion Guide was created by:

#### **ANNIE OHANA**

M.Ed in Equity Studies

Nationally Recognized Anti-Oppression Educator https://www.facebook.com/ohanasi

#### **SHARON SEHRAI**

**Bachelor of Education** 

Women's Coordinator, Sher Vancouver info@shervancouver.com

# This Discussion Guide was edited by:

**ALEX SANGHA** 

**Registered Clinical Social Worker** 

Founder, Sher Vancouver <a href="mailto:alexsangha@gmail.com">alexsangha@gmail.com</a>

# This Discussion Guide was designed by:

#### **VINAY GIRIDHAR**

**Award Winning Graphic Designer** 

Director and Editor of Emergence: Out of the Shadows vinayg2007@gmail.com

#### **REVIEWERS**

#### DR. KAMALA NAYAR

Asian Studies Chair and Faculty Kwantlen Polytechnic University

#### **UPKAR SINGH TATLAY**

**Executive Director, Engaged Communities Canada** 

#### NIRAT SOHPAUL

**Women's Coordinator, Sher Vancouver** 

#### **NOEL ABRAHAM**

Teacher

#### **RAVI BASI**

Manager of Multicultural Services
Surrey Libraries

Although grateful for the feedback from the reviewers, the authors and editor bear responsibility for the final version of this discussion guide.

# TEN NOTEWORTHY QUEER SOUTH ASIAN ADVOCATES

**LILLY SINGH** 

@lilly

PRABHDEEP LEHAL

@prabhdeepsk

**ALYY PATEL** 

@alyypatel

**MAVENDRA SINGH GOHIL** 

@mavendrasinghgohil

**VIVEK SHRAYA** 

@vivekshraya

**JAG NAGRA** 

@jagnagra

ALOK V. MENON

@alokvmenon

**RAVEENA AURORA** 

@raveena\_aurora

**ARMAAN SINGH** 

@armaan\_thepoet

**MANPREET** 

@singhisqueer

#### January Marie Lapuz Youth Leadership Award

#### **APPLY TODAY**

An annual award with cash prizes bestowed upon a deserving youth—of any sexuality or gender identity— who is 16 to 30 years of age and who has demonstrated involvement, commitment and leadership in the 2SLGBTQ+ community locally, nationally or internationally. **For details and to apply** 

check out: https://www.shervancouver.com/youth-award.html





# RESOURCES

Click to visit websites below!

#### **METRO VANCOUVER**

**Sher Vancouver** 

**Qmunity - BC Queer, Trans,** and Two Spirit Resources

**Rainbow Refugee** 

I Belong - Supports for LGBTQIA2+ Immigrants

Together Now - A Free Support Group for LGBTQ+ Newcomers

#### TRANS RESOURCES

Trans Newcomers Resources Hub

**Trans Lifeline** 

**Trans Rights BC** 

TransCare BC

**Morgane Oger Foundation** 

#### SOGI RESOURCES FOR PARENTS/ CAREGIVERS/ALLIES

**PFLAG Canada** 

**Desi Rainbow Parents** 

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS: for Parents and Caregivers of Transgender and Gender Diverse Youth

**Supporting Your Gender Diverse Child** 

LGBTTQ+ Around the Rainbow: Parent Toolkit

Gender Identity and Diversity: Information for Parents and Caregivers

The Family Acceptance Project: Building Healthy Futures for Youth

Families in Transition: A Resource Guide for Parents of Trans Youth

NQAPIA - A Federation of LGBTQ Asian American, South Asian, Southeast Asian, and Pacific Islander Organizations

/

#### YOUTH SUPPORT GROUPS

MENTAL HEALTH

**FAITH GROUPS** 

**Qmunity** 

MindyourMind

Sarbat - LGBT Sikhs (United Kingdom)

YouthCO

No Fear Counselling – Courage Fund (Metro Vancouver)

Salaam Canada (National Queer and Trans Muslim Community)

**Out in Schools** 

DESQH - Desi LGBTQ Helpline for South Asians

Open Hearts: Resources for Affirming Ministries in The United Church of Canada

**CampOUT** 

SASHMA - South Asian Sexual Health Mental Awareness

> transACTION: A Transgender Curriculum and Learner's Guide For Churches and Religious Institutions

**Indigenous Youth Wellness** 

SAMHAA - South Asian Mental Health

LGBTQ-Positive Faith Groups and Places of Worship in Toronto

LGBT YouthLine

**LGBT National Hotline** 

Hidayah - Gender, Sexuality, and Islam

The Trevor Project

**Trevor Project** 

PRIMARY RESOURCES

Jewish LGBT+ Group

**EDUCATION** 

**SOGI 123** 

LGBTQ2S+ Policies and Regulations

K-12 Top SOGI Book List

**Desi Rainbow Parents** 

iDream Library

**Every Teacher Project** 

**ARC Foundation** 

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For further resources check out the official website for the documentary:

https://emergencefilm.net/help-and-support/

# THANK YOU

WE GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGE FUNDING ASSISTANCE FOR THIS DISCUSSION GUIDE FROM THE FOLLOWING DONORS





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